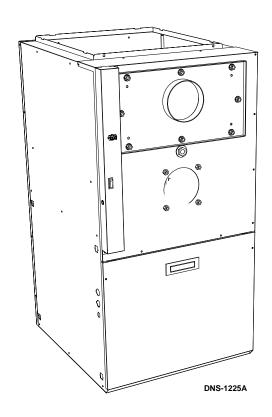
# Installation Instructions and Homeowner's Manual



# MULTIPOSITION OIL FIRED FURNACE

### **INSTALLER / SERVICE TECHNICIAN:**

USE THE INFORMATION IN THIS MANUAL FOR THE INSTALLATION / SERVICING OF THE FURNACE AND KEEP THE DOCUMENT NEAR THE UNIT FOR FUTURE REFERENCE.

### **HOMEOWNER:**

PLEASE KEEP THIS MANUAL NEAR THE FURNACE FOR FUTURE REFERENCE.

# **MODEL:**

# OMF154L20A OMV154L20A



### **Attention:**

Do not tamper with the unit or its controls. Call a qualified service technician.

Manufactured by:

### **Dettson Industries inc.**

3400 Industrial Boulevard Sherbrooke, Québec – Canada J1L 1V8

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### 1 SAFETY REGULATIONS

# 1.1 SAFETY LABELING AND WARNING SIGNS

The words DANGER, WARNING AND CAUTION are used to identify the levels of seriousness of certain hazards. It is important that you understand their meaning. You will notice these words in the manual as follows:



### **DANGER**

Immediate hazards that <u>WILL</u> result in death, serious bodily injury and/or property damage.



### **WARNING**

Hazards or unsafe practices that CAN result in death, bodily injury and/or property damage.



### CAUTION

Hazards or unsafe practices that CAN result in bodily injury and/or property damage.

### 1.2 IMPORTANT INFORMATION



### **WARNING**

Non-observance of the safety regulations outlined in this manual will potentially lead to consequences resulting in death, serious bodily injury and/or property damage.

- a) It is the homeowner's responsibility to engage a qualified technician for the installation and subsequent servicing of this furnace;
- b) Do not use this furnace if any part of it was under water. Call a qualified service technician immediately to assess the damage and to replace all critical parts that were in contact with water;
- Do not store gasoline or any other flammable substances, such as paper, carton, etc. near the furnace;
- d) This furnace is designed for use with #1 or #2 heating oil only. The use of gasoline, motor oil or any other oil containing gasoline is prohibited;
- e) Never block or otherwise obstruct the filter and/or return air openings;
- f) Ask the technician installing your furnace to show and explain to you the following items:
  - i) The main disconnect switch;
  - ii) The shut-off valve on the oil tank;
  - iii) The oil filter and how to change it (once a year);
  - iv) The air filter and how to change it (check monthly and clean or replace if necessary.)

g) Before calling for service, be sure to have the information page of your manual close by in order to be able to provide the contractor with the required information, such as the model and serial numbers of the furnace.

# A

### **WARNING**

Installations and repairs performed by unqualified persons can result in hazards to them and to others. Installations must conform to local codes or, in the absence of same, to codes of the country having jurisdiction.

The information contained in this manual is intended for use by a qualified technician, familiar with safety procedures and who is equipped with the proper tools and test instruments.

Failure to carefully read and follow all instructions in this manual can result in death, bodily injury and/or property damage.

### 1.3 DETECTION SYSTEMS

It is recommended that carbon monoxide detectors be installed wherever oil or gas fired heaters are used. Carbon monoxide can cause bodily harm or death. For this reason, agency approved carbon monoxide detectors should be installed in your residence and properly maintained to warn of dangerously high carbon monoxide levels.

There are several sources of possible smoke and flames in a residence. Smoke and flames can cause bodily harm or death. For this reason, agency approved smoke detectors should be installed in your residence and properly maintained, to warn early on, of a potentially dangerous fire. Also, the house should be equipped with approved and properly maintained fire extinguishers.

Your unit is equipped with safety devices that can prevent it from functioning when anomalies are detected such as a blocked venting system.



### **CAUTION**

### **ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARD**

Failure to follow this caution may result in environmental pollution.

Remove and recycle all components or materials (i.e. oil, electrical and electronic components, insulation, etc.) before unit final disposal.

### 1.4 DANGER OF FREEZING



### **CAUTION**

If your furnace is shut down during the cold weather season, water pipes may freeze, burst and cause serious water damage. Turn off the water supply and bleed the pipes.

If the heater is left unattended during the cold weather season, take the following precautions:

- Close the main water valve in the house and purge the pipes if possible. Open all the faucets in the house;
- b. Ask someone to frequently check the house during the cold weather season to make sure that there is sufficient heat to prevent the pipes from freezing. Tell this person to call an emergency number if required.

### 2 INSTALLATION

This furnace is a true multi-position unit, in that it will function in an upflow, downflow or horizontal configuration to the left or the right. Only a few modifications are required during installation to change from one position to another. The unit is shipped in the upflow configuration and instructions as to how to change to the other positions are included in this manual.

The unit is shipped with a burner and its controls. It requires a 115VAC power supply to the control panel and thermostat hook-up as shown on the wiring diagram, one or more oil line connections, suitable ductwork and connection to a properly sized vent.

All local and national code requirements governing the installation of oil burning equipment, wiring and the flue connection MUST be followed. Some of the codes that may apply are:

CSA B139: Installation code for oil burning

equipment.

ANSI/NFPA 31: Installation of oil burning equipment.

ANSI/NFPA 90B: Warm air heating and air conditioning

systems.

ANSI/NFPA 211: Chimneys, Fireplaces, Vents and solid

fuel burning appliances.

ANSI/NFPA 70: National Electrical Code.

CSA C22.1: Canadian Electrical Code.

or CSA C22.10

Only the latest issues of these codes

may be used.

### 2.1 POSITIONING THE FURNACE



### WARNING

Fire and explosion hazard.

The furnace must be installed in a level position, never where it will slope toward the front.

Do not store or use gasoline or any other flammable substances near the furnace.

Non-observance of these instructions will potentially result in death, bodily injury and/or property damage.

# A

### **CAUTION**

This furnace is not watertight and is not designed for outdoor installation. It must be installed in such a manner as to protect its electrical components from water. Outdoor installation will lead to a hazardous electrical condition and to premature failure of the equipment.

# The minimum clearances from combustible material for each of the positions are specified in Table 4.

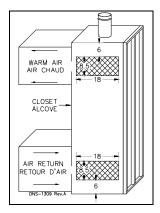
If the furnace is installed in a basement or on a dirt floor, in a crawl space for example, it is recommended to install the unit on a cement base 2.5 cm to 5.0 cm (1" to 2") thick.

The unit must be installed in an area where the ambient and return air temperatures are above 15℃ (60℉). In addition, the furnace should be installed as closely as possible to the vent, so that the connections are direct and kept to a minimum. The heater should also be located close to the centre of the air distribution system.

### 2.1.1 Installation in an enclosure

The unit can be installed in an enclosure such as a closet. However, 2 ventilation openings are required for combustion air. The openings should be located in front of the furnace approximately 15 cm (6") above the floor and 15 cm (6") below the ceiling. Figure 1 indicates the minimum dimensions required and the location of the openings.

Figure 1 - Location and dimensions of ventilation air openings in a closet door

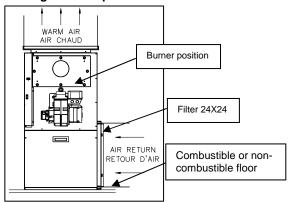


### 2.2 CONFIGURATIONS

### 2.2.1 Upflow Installation

The return air opening may be located on either side of the furnace. Care should be taken not to damage the wires inside, while cutting the opening. Install the filter rack supplied with the unit according to the instructions provided with it. It is also recommended to install the blower door before handling or moving the unit. Refer to figure 2 for additional details.

Figure 2 - Upflow Installation

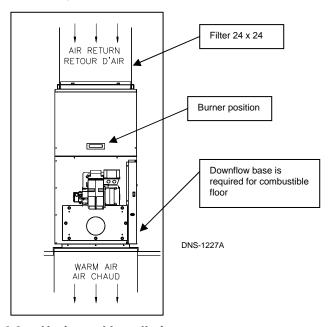


### 2.2.2 Upflow Installation

When the furnace is installed in the downflow position on a combustible floor, the clearances from combustibles must be adhered to. The downflow base DFB-104 or KLASB1001DET can be used to ensure these clearances. Refer to figure 3 and the installation instructions provided with the base.

The burner must always be installed in the same manner, regardless of the discharge position of the furnace. Refer to figure 3 for additional details.

Figure 3 - Downflow Installation

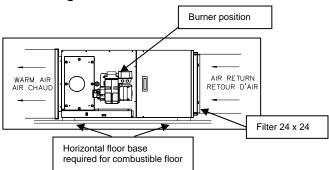


### 2.2.3 Horizontal Installation

When the furnace is installed in the horizontal position, either suspended or on a combustible floor with a choice of right or left discharge, the clearances from combustible material must be adhered to. If the unit is installed on a combustible floor, the horizontal floor base HFB-101 or KLASB0701DET can be used to ensure these clearances. Refer to the instructions supplied with the base.

The burner must always be installed in the same manner, regardless of the discharge position of the furnace. Refer to figure 4 for additional details.

Figure 4 - Horizontal Installation



### 2.3 ELECTRICAL SYSTEM



### CAUTION

The exterior of the unit must have an uninterrupted ground to minimize the risk of bodily harm, if ever an electrical problem develops. A green ground screw is supplied with the control box for that purpose.

The appliance must be installed in accordance with the current ANSI/NFPA 70 National Electrical Code, CSA C22.1 Canadian Electrical Code Part 1 and/or local codes.

The control system depends on the correct polarity of the power supply. Connect "HOT" wire (H) and "NEUTRAL" wire (N) as shown in figures 10 and 11.

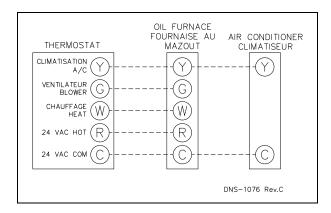
A separate line voltage supply should be used, with fused disconnect switch or circuit breaker, between the main power panel and the unit.

Only copper wire may be used for the 115V circuit on this unit. If wires need to be changed, the replacements must have the same temperature resistance as the originals.

# 2.4 INSTALLATION OF THE THERMOSTAT

A thermostat must be installed to control the temperature of the area to be heated. Follow the instructions supplied with the thermostat. Also refer to the wiring diagrams provided with the heating/air conditioning unit. The connections must be made as indicated on the following diagrams and the wiring diagrams, figures 10 and 11.

Figure 5 - Thermostat wiring, heating and air conditioning with 4-speed motor



DNS-1227A

Figure 6 - Thermostat wiring, heating and air conditioning with ECM variable speed motor

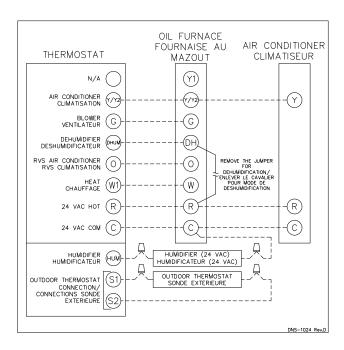
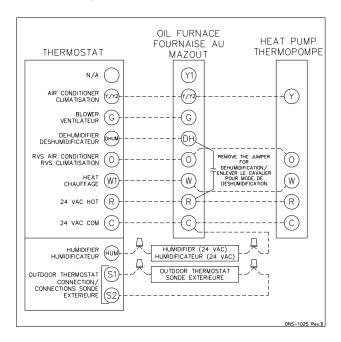


Figure 7 - Thermostat wiring, heating and air conditioning/heat pump with ECM variable speed motor



Note: On units with 2 stage cooling or heat pump, terminal Y1 must be used. When Y1 on the electronic control receives a 24 VAC signal, the air flow is reduced by 20%. Do not use terminal Y1 with a single stage cooling or heat pump.

### 2.5 INSTALLATION OF THE BURNER

Refer to the burner manufacturer's instructions. Also, the burner must be installed always in the same way independently of the furnace orientation.

- Position the mounting gasket between the mounting flange and the burner mounting plate. Align the holes in the burner mounting plate with the studs on the mounting flange and bolt securely in place.
- Remove the burner drawer assembly or the air tube assembly;
- Install the nozzle (refer to Technical Specifications, table 6);
- 4. Check the electrode settings:
- 5. Make the electrical connections;
- Complete oil line connections.

### 2.5.1 Nozzles

The burner comes equipped with an appropriate nozzle. However, if another size or a replacement nozzle is required, use the manufacturer's recommended spray angle and type a shown in table 1 and based on a pump pressure of 100 psi.

Always select nozzle sizes by working back from the desired flow rate at operating pressure and not the nozzle marking.

### 2.5.2 Air and Turbulator Settings

Before starting the burner for the first time, adjust the air and turbulator settings to those listed in this manual. Once the burner becomes operational, final adjustments will be required. Refer to the section OPERATION of this manual.

### 2.6 VENTING

# A

### **WARNING**

Poisonous carbon monoxide gas, fire and explosion hazard.

Read and follow all instructions in this section. Failure to properly vent this furnace can result in death, bodily injury and/or property damage.

To ensure the safe and proper functioning of an oil furnace, it must always be connected to a flue with sufficient draft or to an approved side-wall venting system. In addition, it is strongly recommended to perform a complete inspection of all the existing venting systems.

# A

### **WARNING**

Poisonous carbon monoxide gas hazard.

Never install a hand operated damper in the vent pipe. However, any Underwriters Laboratories listed, electrically operated automatic type vent damper may be installed if desired. Be sure to follow the instructions provided with vent damper. Also, read and follow all instructions in this section of the manual.

Failure to properly vent this furnace or other appliances can result in death, bodily injury and/or property damage.

### 2.6.1 Masonry chimney

This furnace can be vented into an existing masonry chimney. However, the unit must not be vented into a chimney into which a solid fuel burning furnace is already being vented.

Before venting this furnace into a chimney, its condition must be checked and repairs made, if necessary. Also, the chimney lining and dimensions must conform to local and national codes.

### 2.6.2 Factory Built Chimneys

Oil fired furnaces are approved for use with "L" type vents. The unit may also be used with an approved chimney of proper dimensions and temperature ratings as specified in the installation code. Refer to chimney manufacturer's instructions for proper installation.

### 2.6.3 Draft Regulator

It is recommended that a draft regulator be installed in cases where the draft is either high or variable due to external conditions. Follow the instructions provided with the regulator.

### 2.6.4 Side-wall Venting

The heating unit is approved for side-wall venting. This system includes model VTK-3 / KLAVT0201DET side-wall venter and a 5" insulated vent pipe, model IFV5 / KLAFVxx01DET. Refer to the installation instructions provided with the venting system.

# 2.7 BLOCKED VENT SHUT-OFF DEVICE (BVSO) FOR CHIMNEY VENTING



### **CAUTION**

It is imperative that this device be installed by a qualified service technician.

A positive pressure venting system (Sealed Combustion System or Direct Vent) <u>MUST NOT</u> use the BVSO. Follow the instructions supplied with the venting system.

This device is designed to detect the insufficient evacuation of combustion gases in the event of a vent blockage. In such a case the thermal switch will shut down the oil burner. <u>The</u> device will then need to be re-armed MANUALLY.

Refer to the detailed instructions and wiring diagrams supplied with the BVSO for the installation and wiring procedures. The length of wires supplied with the unit is such that the safety device must be installed between the flue outlet of the appliance and the draft regulator, as indicated in the instructions. It is also essential that the BVSO be <u>maintained annually</u>. For more details refer to the instructions supplied with the device itself, as well as Section 3. of this Manual.

### 2.7.1 BVSO Performance Test

The purpose of the following test is to check that the electrical outlet on the furnace, designated to the BVSO, is functional.

- 1. Start up the burner:
- Remove the three-pole plug from the BVSO outlet on the furnace:
- The burner must shut-off immediately, while the blower continues to run to the end of the cool-down cycle.

If the test is not in line with the above, call a QUALIFIED SERVICE TECHNICIAN.

# 2.8 COMBUSTION AIR SUPPLY AND VENTILATION



### WARNING

Poisonous carbon monoxide gas hazard.

Comply with NFPA 31 (U.S.) and CSA B139 (Canada) standards for the installation of Oil Burning Equipment and applicable provisions of local building codes to provide combustion and ventilation air.

Failure to provide adequate combustion and ventilation air can result in death, bodily injury and/or property damage.

Oil furnaces must have an adequate supply of combustion air. It is common practice to assume that older homes have sufficient infiltration to accommodate the combustion air requirement for the furnace. However, home improvements such as new windows, doors, and weather stripping have drastically reduced the volume of air infiltration into the home.

Refer to oil furnace installation codes relative to combustion and ventilation air requirements. Consult Section 2.2 in this manual, specifically for units installed in an enclosed space.

Home air exhausters are common. Bathroom and kitchen fans, power vented clothes dryers and water heaters all tend to create a negative pressure condition in the home. Should this occur the chimney becomes less and less effective and can easily downdraft. In certain cases, mechanically supplied air, by way of a blower, interlocked with the unit, is necessary. It is the installer's responsibility to check that.

### 2.8.1 Contaminated Combustion Air

Installations in certain areas or types of structures will increase the exposure to chemicals or halogens that may harm the furnace. These conditions will require that only outside air be used for combustion.

The following areas or types of structures may contain or be exposed to certain substances, potentially requiring outside air for combustion:

- a. Commercial buildings;
- b. Buildings with indoor pools;
- c. Furnaces installed near chemical storage areas.

### Exposure to the following substances:

- Permanent wave chemicals for hair;
- b. Chlorinated waxes and cleaners;
- Chlorine based swimming pool chemicals;
- d. Water softening chemicals;
- e. De-icing salts or chemicals;
- f. Carbon Tetrachloride;
- g. Halogen type refrigerants;
- h. Cleaning solvents (such as perchloroethylene);
- i. Printing inks, paint removers, varnishes, etc.;
- j. Hydrochloric acid;
- k. Solvent based glue;
- Antistatic fabric softeners for clothes dryers;
- m. Acid based masonry cleaning materials.

### 2.8.2 Burner with Outdoor Combustion Air Kit

Certain burners are designed to function with combustion air taken directly from the outside. Follow the instructions provided with the burner, the fresh-air supply kit or the sidewall venting kit.

### 2.9 OIL TANK



### **WARNING**

Fire and explosion hazard.

Use only approved heating type oil in this furnace. DO NOT USE waste oil, used motor oil, gasoline or kerosene.

Use of these will result in death, bodily injury and/or property damage.

Check your local codes for the installation of the oil tank and accessories.

At the beginning of each heating season or once a year, check the complete oil distribution system for leaks.

Ensure that the tank is full of clean oil. Use No.1 or No.2 Heating Oil (ASTM D396 U.S.) or in Canada, use No.1 or No.2 Furnace Oil.

A manual shut-off valve and an oil filter shall be installed in sequence from tank to burner. Be sure that the oil line is clean before connecting to the burner. The oil line should be protected to eliminate any possible damage. Installations where the oil tank is below the burner level must employ a two-pipe fuel supply system with an appropriate fuel pump. A rise of 2.4 m (8') and more requires a two stage pump and a rise greater than 4.9 m (16') an auxiliary pump. Follow the pump instructions to determine the size of pipe needed in relation to the rise or to the horizontal distance.

### 2.10 DUCTING



### **WARNING**

Poisonous carbon monoxide gas hazard.

DO NOT draw return air from inside a closet or utility room. Return air MUST be sealed to the furnace casing. Failure to properly seal ducts can result in death, bodily injury and/or property damage.

Installations in certain areas or types of structures will increase the exposure to chemicals or halogens that may harm the furnace. These conditions will require that only outside air be used for combustion :

- a. Commercial buildings;
- b. Buildings with indoor pools;
- c. Furnaces installed near chemical storage areas.

The installation must carefully be verified to ensure that the combustion air comes from outside.

### 2.10.1 Air filter

A properly sized air filter must be installed on the return air side of the unit. Refer to the Technical Specifications, table 6,

for the correct dimensions. Also refer to Section 2.2 and the instructions supplied with the filter.

# 2.11 SUPPLY AIR ADJUSTMENTS (4 SPEED MOTORS)

On units equipped with 4-speed blower motors, the supply air must be adjusted based on heating/air conditioning output and the static pressure of the duct system. For the desired air flow refer to the following table as well as the air flow tables based on static pressure in the Technical Specifications section of this manual.

Table 1 - Blower speed adjustments, 4-speed motor

FURNACE	HEATING OR A/C	RECOMMENDED
APPLICATION	OUTPUT	<b>BLOWER SPEED</b>
HEATING	0.90 USGPH	MED-LOW
IILAIING	1.10 USGPH	MED-HIGH
	3.0 TONS	LOW
A/C	3.5 TONS	MED-LOW
AC	4.0 TONS	MED-HIGH
	5.0 TONS	HIGH

To effect the adjustment, the RED (for heating) and BLUE (for cooling and heat pump) wires can be changed on the motor. Also, refer to the position of the wires on the electronic board of the unit and consult the wiring diagrams. If the heating and air conditioning speeds are the same, the RED wire must be moved to "UNUSED LEADS" on the electronic board and the jumper provided with the BLUE wire must be used between the "HEAT" and "COOL" terminals.

The blower start/stop delays can be adjusted by positioning the DIP switches on the electronic board as shown in the following figures. For upflow installation, the recommended blower ON delay is 60 seconds and blower OFF delay 2 minutes.



### **CAUTION**

For horizontal and downflow installations only:

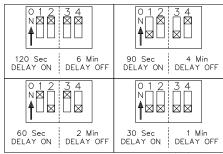
Adjust the ON delay to 30 sec.

Adjust the OFF delay to 4 min.

For other adjustments, proceed with tests in order to avoid cycling.

Figure 8 - Blower Start/Stop Delays

### Board # 1158



8

# 2.12 SUPPLY AIR ADJUSTMENTS (ECM VARIABLE SPEED MOTORS)

On units equipped with ECM variable speed blower motors, the air supply must be adjusted based on heating/air conditioning output. The start/stop delays of the blower must also be adjusted by positioning the DIP switches on the electronic board. Refer to the following tables, airflow tables and the wiring diagram in this manual for the proper settings:

Table 2 - Airflow adjustments heating mode

	Input USGPH		
1	2	USGFH	
OFF	OFF	Α	0.90
ON	OFF	В	1.10
OFF	ON	С	N/A
ON	ON	D	N/A

Table 3 - Airflow adjustments air conditioning mode

С	Output Tons		
1	2	10115	
OFF	OFF	Α	5.0
ON	OFF	В	4.0
OFF	ON	С	3.5
ON	ON	D	3.0

Table 4 - Airflow adjustments all modes

SW3 – ADJ (Adjustment) DIP Switch Positions			CFM HTG. % increase	CFM A/C % increase
1	1 2 POSITION		or decrease	or decrease
OFF	OFF	Α	0%	0%
ON	OFF	В	+10%	+10%
OFF	ON	С	-10%	-10%
ON	ON	D	N/A	0%

Table 5 - Delay adjustments heating mode

С	Input USGPH		
1	2	USGFN	
OFF	OFF	Α	0.90
ON	OFF	В	1.10
OFF	ON	С	ALL
ON	ON	D	ALL

### 2.13 INSTALLATION OF ACCESSORIES



### **WARNING**

Electrical shock hazard.

Turn OFF electrical power at the fuse box or service panel before making any electrical connections and ensure a proper ground connection is made before connecting line voltage.

Failure to do so can result in death or bodily injury.

### 2.13.1 Humidifier (HUM)

The electronic board supply 120 VAC for a humidifier on the HUM terminal. It supplies 120 VAC electric power when the burner is in operation.

A 24 VAC signal can also be supplied from the W and C terminals on the blower electronic board to activate a switching relay.

Also refer to the instructions supplied with the accessory.

### 2.13.2 Electronic Air Cleaner (EAC)

The EAC terminal on the electronic board supplies 120 VAC when the blower is operating in the heating or air conditioning mode. This signal can be used to activate an electronic air cleaner that is not equipped with an air flow switch. If the cleaner is equipped with an air flow switch, the S terminal on the PSC electronic board or one of the 120 VAC terminals on the ECM electronic board can be used to provide a constant supply of 120 VAC.

Also refer to the instructions supplied with the accessory.

### 2.13.3 Air Conditioner (or Heat Pump)

An air conditioning coil may be installed on the supply air side ONLY.



### WARNING

Poisonous carbon monoxide gas hazard.

Install the evaporator coil on the supply side of the furnace ducting ONLY.

Never install on the return air side of the ducting an evaporator coil. This can result in death, bodily injury and/or property and/or unit damage.

A clearance of 15 cm (6") is required between the bottom of the coil drain pan and the top of the heat exchanger. If a heat pump is installed, a "dual-energy" thermostat, or other control is required, in order to prevent the simultaneous operation of the furnace and the heat pump. It also prevents a direct transition from heating by way of the heat pump to heating with oil. Refer to the thermostat instructions or those of another control used for the proper wiring.

### 3 **OPERATION**

### 3.1 START-UP

Before starting up the unit, be sure to check that the following items are in compliance:

- The electrical installation, the oil supply system, the venting system, combustion air supply and ventilation;
- The blower access door is in place and the blower rail locking screws are well tightened;
- The Blocked Vent Shut-Off (BVSO) is installed according to instructions (for chimney venting);
- 4. The oil supply valve is open;
- The burner "Reset" button is well pushed in or rearmed;

- The preliminary air adjustments on the burner comply with the technical specifications in this manual;
- The blower speed adjustments for heating and air conditioning are appropriate and according to the specifications in this manual;
- 8. The blower start/stop delays are satisfactory;
- 9. The thermostat of the room is in the heating mode and is set higher than the ambient temperature.

To start the unit, turn the main electrical switch on.

# 3.2 OPERATING SEQUENCE OIL HEATING MODE

- 1. The W-R contact closes;
- The burner motor starts up to pre-purge the combustion chamber for a period of 10 to 15 seconds. During that time a spark is established on the electrodes;
- 3. The solenoid valve opens and a flame is established. Shortly after, the electrodes cease to spark;
- 4. Then the blower runs up to full speed. The delay depends on the adjustments that were made on the electronic board, which controls the blower motor. Refer to Sections 2.11 and 2.12 above as well as the airflow tables, 7 and 8. for more details.
- When the call for heat is satisfied, the solenoid valve closes, the flame goes out and the burner motor stops (after post purge delay, if applicable).
- 6. The blower stops shortly after the burner. The delay depends on the adjustments that were made on the electronic board that controls the blower. Refer to Sections 2.11 and 2.12 above as well as the airflow tables, 7 and 8, for more details.

Note: A detailed operating sequence of the oil burner is outlined in the instructions provided with the burner.

### 3.3 CHECKS AND ADJUSTMENTS

### 3.3.1 Purging the oil line

Open the bleed port screw and start the burner. Allow the oil to drain into a container for at least 10 seconds. The oil should flow absolutely free of white streaks or air bubbles to indicate that no air is being drawn into the suction side of the oil piping and pump. Slowly close and tighten the bleed screw. Once closed, the flame will light up.

### 3.3.2 Pressure adjustment

The oil pressure must be adjusted according to the Technical Specifications of this manual. An adjustment screw and a connection for a pressure gauge are located on the oil pump for that purpose. Also refer to the burner instruction manual.

### 3.3.3 Combustion Check

### **IMPORTANT**

The heat exchanger metal surfaces may have oil and the baffle insulation also contains binders. These products will burn or evaporate when the unit operates for the first time. Because of this, the smoke reading may be inexact during the first minutes of operation. Therefore, the unit must operate during at least 60 minutes before taking any readings to adjust the combustion quality. Let the unit cool down before making any adjustments.

### **IMPORTANT**

The combustion check verification MUST be performed after the nozzle replacement or the burner cleaning. After these manipulations, the combustion parameters are necessarily modified. Refer also to the burner instruction manual.

- Drill a test hole in the flue pipe, approximately 18 inches from the furnace breech. Insert the smoke test probe into the hole. For installation using a sidewall venting, use the orifice provided on the breech plate;
- From a cold start, let the unit operate for about 5 minutes;
- Set the burner air setting until you have between 0 and 1 on the Bacharach Scale (or a "trace");
- Take a CO<sub>2</sub> sample at the same test location where the #1 smoke reading was taken and make note of it. Example: 13.8% of CO<sub>2</sub> or 2.5% of O<sub>2</sub>;
- Adjust the burner air setting to obtain a CO<sub>2</sub> reading 1.5% lower (or a O<sub>2</sub> reading 2.0% higher) than the reading associated with the "trace" of smoke. Example: 12.3% of CO<sub>2</sub> or 4.5% of O<sub>2</sub>;
- 6. This method of adjusting the burner will result in clean combustion (Bacharach smoke scale between 0 and a trace) and ensure the proper functioning of the system. The optimum CO<sub>2</sub> level is around 12% to 13% (or 3.5% to 5.0% of O<sub>2</sub>).

### 3.3.4 Draft Regulator adjustment

On chimney installations only, a barometric draft regulator (supplied with the furnace) must be installed, in order to ensure proper draft through the furnace. The barometric damper must be mounted with the hinge pins in a horizontal position and the face of the damper vertical for proper functioning (see instructions included with the damper.) After the furnace has been firing for at least five minutes, the draft regulator should be set to between - 0.025" and -0.060" W.C.

### 3.3.5 Overfire pressure test

The overfire draft that is taken through the observation port, located above the burner, is a measurement necessary to determine if there is a blockage in the heat exchanger or the flue pipe. Refer to the Technical Specifications in this manual for overfire pressure values. A high pressure condition may be caused by excessive combustion air, due to the air band being too wide open, or a lack of flue draft (chimney effect) or some other blockage, such as soot in the secondary section of the heat exchanger or the use of an oversize nozzle input or high pressure pump.

### 3.3.6 Vent Temperature Test

- 1. After having adjusted the burner combustion, insert a thermometer into the test hole in the breech pipe;
- 2. The total vent temperature should be between 204 and 302℃ (400 and 575℉). If not, check for improper air temperature rise, pump pressure, nozzle size or a badly sooted heat exchanger.

# A

### **CAUTION**

Low flue gas temperature increases the risk of condensation. Adjust the <u>total</u> temperature at or higher then 204℃ (400年) in order for the heat exchanger warranty to remain in force.

### 3.3.7 Supply Air Temperature Rise Test

- 1. Operate the burner for at least 10 minutes;
- 2. Measure the air temperature in the return air plenum;
- Measure the air temperature in the supply duct just outside the range of radiant heat from the heat exchanger. 0.3 m (12") from the plenum of the main takeoff is usually sufficient;
- 4. The temperature rise is calculated by subtracting the return air temperature from the supply air temperature;
- 5. If the temperature rise is lower or exceeds the temperature specified in Table 6, change to the next lower or higher blower speed tap, until the temperature rise falls to the target. If the excessive temperature rise cannot be increased or reduced by changing fan speed, investigate for ductwork obstructions, dirty or improper air filter, improper firing caused by improper pump pressure or nozzle sizing.

### 3.3.8 Limit Control Check

After operating the furnace for at least 15 minutes, restrict the return air supply by blocking the filters or the return air register and allow the furnace to shut off on High Limit. The burner will shut off but the blower will continue to run.

Remove the obstruction and the burner should restart after a few minutes. The time required for the restart also depends on the adjustment of the blower "OFF" delay.

### 3.3.9 Restart after Burner Failure

- Set the thermostat lower than room temperature;
- Press the reset button on the burner primary control (relay);
- 3. Set the thermostat higher than room temperature;
- If the burner motor does not start or ignition fails, turn off the disconnect switch and CALL A QUALIFIED SERVICE TECHNICIAN.



### CAUTION

Do not attempt to start the burner when excess oil has accumulated, when the furnace is full of vapour or when the combustion chamber is hot.

### 4 MAINTENANCE

# A

### **WARNING**

Electrical shock hazard.

Turn OFF power and fuel to the furnace before any disassembly or servicing.

Failure to do so can result in death, bodily injury and/or property damage.

Preventive maintenance is the best way to avoid unnecessary expense and inconvenience. Have your heating system and burner inspected by a qualified service technician at regular intervals.

To maintain the reliability and optimal performance of the furnace, have a complete combustion check done after the annual maintenance call. Do not attempt to repair the furnace or its controls. Call a qualified service technician.

# Before calling for repair service check the following points:

- Check the oil tank gauge and make sure that the valve is open;
- 2. Check fuses and the circuit breaker;
- 3. Check if the main disconnect switch is ON;
- Set the thermostat above room temperature;
- 5. If ignition does not occur, turn off the disconnect switch and call a qualified service technician.

When ordering replacement parts, please specify the complete furnace model number and serial number.

### 4.1 CLEANING THE HEAT EXCHANGER

It is not generally necessary to clean the heat exchanger or flue pipe every year, but it is advisable to have the oil burner service technician check the unit before each heating season to determine whether the cleaning or replacement of parts is necessary.

If a cleaning is necessary, the following steps should be performed:

### 1. Turn OFF all utilities upstream from the furnace;

- 2. Disconnect the flue pipe;
- Remove the flue collar panel located at the front of the furnace;
- 4. Remove the heat exchanger baffles;
- 5. Disconnect the oil line and remove the oil burner;
- Clean the secondary tubes and the primary cylinder with a stiff brush and a vacuum cleaner;
- Before re-assembling the unit, the heat exchanger and combustion chamber should be inspected to determine if replacement is required:
- 8. After the cleaning, replace the heat exchanger baffles, flue collar plate and oil burner;
- 9. Readjust the burner for proper operation.

# 4.2 CLEANING THE BLOCKED VENT SHUT-OFF DEVICE (BVSO)

For continuous safe operation, the Blocked Vent Shut-off device (BVSO) must be inspected and maintained annually by a qualified service technician.

### 1. Disconnect power to the appliance;

- Remove the two screws holding on the BVSO assembly cover:
- 3. Remove the cover;
- Remove the two screws holding the control box to the heat transfer tube assembly. Sliding the control box in the appropriate direction will unlock it from the heat transfer tube assembly;
- Carefully remove any build-up from the thermal switch surface;



### **CAUTION**

Do not dent or scratch the surface of the thermal switch. If the thermal switch is damaged it MUST be replaced.

- Clean and remove any build-up or obstruction inside the heat transfer tube;
- 7. Re-mount, lock and fasten the control box with the 2 screws removed in step 4:
- 8. Re-attach the assembly cover with the screws removed in step 2;
- 9. Re-establish power to the unit.

### 4.3 CLEANING THE BURNER HEAD

Once annually, remove the retention head and electrodes from the drawer assembly and remove all foreign matter, if necessary. Also clean the extremity of the burner tube, if necessary.

### 4.4 CHANGING THE NOZZLE

Change the nozzle once a year with the one specified in table 6.

### 4.5 CHANGING THE OIL FILTER

### **Tank Filter**

The tank filter should be changed as required. Follow the manufacturer's instructions.

### **Secondary Filter**

The 10 micron, or finer, filter cartridge should be changed annually. Follow the manufacturer's instructions.

### 4.6 CHANGING THE AIR FILTER

Dirty filters have an impact on the efficiency of the furnace and increase fuel consumption.

Air filters should be changed at least once a year. Very dusty conditions, the presence of animal hair and the like will require more frequent changing or cleaning.

# **FURNACE INFORMATION**

Model:		Serial number:		
Furnace installation date:	-			
Service telephone #-Day:		Night:		
Dealer name and address:				
START-UP RESULTS				
Nozzle:		Pressure:	lb/pc	) <sup>2</sup>
Burner adjustments:	Primary air			
	Fine air			
	Drawer Assembly			
CO <sub>2</sub> :	Smoke scale:		(Bacharach)	
Gross stack temperature:		F		
Ambient temperature:		F		
Chimney draft :		" W.C.		
Overfire draft :		" W.C.		
Test performed by:				

Table 6 - Technical Specifications

Table 0 - Technical Opecinications						
154 Series, multi-position models	UNITS WITH 1.0	HP 4-SP. MOTOR	UNITS WITH 1.0 HP ECM MOTOR			
RATING AND PERFORMANCE						
Firing rate (USGPH)*	0.90	1.10	0.90	1.10		
Input (BTU/h)*	126 000	154 000	126 000	154 000		
Maximum Heating capacity, (BTU/h)*	107 000	129 000	107 000	129 000		
Heating temperature rise (Degr. F)*	55 - 75	Degr. F	60 - 72	Degr. F		
Flue draft with chimney (inch of w.c.)	-0.06 to	o -0.035	-0.06 to	-0.035		
Overfire pressure with chimney (inch of w.c.)	-0.035 t	0+0.045	-0.035 to	+0.045		
Flue pressure with direct vent (inch of w.c no wind)		io +0.16	+0.05 to			
Overfire pressure with direct vent (inch of w.c no wind)	+0.06	o +0.22	+0.06 to	+0.22		
BECKETT BURNER; MODEL NX (Chimney or DV)	NX S	50LC	NX5	DLC		
Burner tube insertion length (inches)	1 3	3/4''	13	/4''		
Head type	6 Slots -	LC head	6 Slots -	LC head		
Nozzle (Delavan)	0.75 - 60B	0.90 - 60B	0.75 - 60B	0.90 - 60 B		
Pump pressure (PSIG)*	145	150	145	150		
Head/Air setting	3.5	4	3.5	4		
AFUE % (From CSA B212 standard and Canadian regulation)**	‡ 87,0%	‡ 85.7%	‡ 87,0%	‡ 85.7%		
AFUE % (From ASHRAE 103 standard and US regulation)**	‡ 86.6%	‡ 85,2%	‡ 86.6%	‡ 85,2%		
RIELLO BURNER; MODEL 40-F5 (Chimney)	F5 WITH ELECT	RIC AIR DAMPER	F5 WITH ELECTR	IC AIR DAMPER		
Burner tube insertion length (inches)	2.3	3/4''	23	/4''		
Nozzle (Delavan)	0.75 - 70 A	0.90 - 70 A	0.75 - 70A	0.90 - 70 A		
Pump pressure (PSIG)*	145	150	145	150		
Combustion air adjustment (turbulator/damper)	1.5 / 2.25	2.5 / 2.75	1.5 / 2.25	2.5 / 2.75		
AFUE % (From CSAB212 standard and Canadian regulation)**	‡ 86.7%	‡ 85.3%	‡ 86.7%	‡ 85.3%		
AFUE % (From ASHRAE 103 standard and US regulation)**	‡ 86.3%	<b>‡</b> 85,0%	‡ 86.3%	‡ 85,0%		
RIELLO BURNER; MODEL 40-BF5 (Direct vent DV)	В	F5	BF	BF5		
Burner tube insertion length (inches)	23	3/4''	23	/4''		
Nozzle (Delavan)	0.75 - 70A	0.90 - 70 A	0.75 - 70A	0.90 - 70 A		
Pump pressure (PSIG)*	145	150	145	150		
Combustion air adjustment (turbulator/damper)	1.0 / 3.75	3.0 / 4.25	1.0 / 3.75	3.0 / 4.25		
AFUE % (From CSA B212 standard and Canadian regulation)**	‡ 86.7%	‡ 85.3%	‡ 86.7%	‡ 85.3%		
AFUE % (From ASHRAE 103 standard and US regulation)**	‡ 86.3%	<b>‡</b> 85,0%	‡ 86.3%	‡ 85,0%		
ELECTRICAL SYSTEM						
Volts - Hertz - Phase	115 -	60 - 1	115 - (	30 - 1		
Rated current (Amps)	10	6.9	15	.7		
Minimum ampacity for wire sizing (Amps)	19	9.5	18	.1		
Max. fuse size (Amps)	2	0	2	)		
Control transformer (VA)	4	.0	4	)		
External control power available Heating (VA)	4	0	4	)		
Cooling (VA)	3	0	3	)		
BLOWER DATA						
Heating blower speed at 0.25" W.C. SP	MED-LOW	MED-HIGH	Sooth a ECM	air flow table		
Heating blower speed at 0.50" W.C. SP	MED-LOW	MED-HIGH	Seethe ECM air flow table			
Motor (HP) / number of speeds	1.0 HP /	4 speeds	1.0 HP / ECM	(with inductor)		
Blower size (diam. x width)	12" x 10" (1	ight housing)	12" x 10" (ti	ght housing)		
GENERAL INFORMATION						
Overall dimensions (width x depth x height)	25" x 28	1/2" x 48"	25" x 28 ′	1/2" x 48''		
Supply air opening (width x depth)		x 22''	20" x			
Return air opening (width x depth)		x 23''	23" x			
Filter size		24" x 1"	24" x 2			
Shipping weight Lbs/Kg		/ 90	200			
Air conditioning, maximum output (tons) at 0.5" W.C. SP		.0	5.			

*	INP	UT	&	ΟU	TΡ	UT	ADJ	US	TMEN	T:
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- Pump pressure can be adjusted to maintain proper firing rate.
   Increase pump pressure if flue gases temperature is under 400°F
   Adjust the total flue gas temperature between 400° and 575°F (330° and 505° F net approx.)
   Adjust fan speed for air temperature rise of 55° to 85°F.
- \*\* AFUE value established after minimum 20 hours of operation.



Table 7 - Airflow data model with 1HP ECM motor

OIL HEATING MODE  24 VAC input (R) on W only							
SW1- HEAT	SW1- HEAT HEAT INPUT CFM with SW3-ADJ CFM with SW3-ADJ CFM with SW3-ADJ						
DIP switch position	(USGPH) DIP switch position A DIP switch position B DIP switch position C						
A (1=OFF, 2=OFF)	0,90	0,90 1450 1595 1305					
B (1=ON, 2=OFF)	1,10	1,10 1700 1870 1530					
C (1=OFF, 2=ON)	Settings not used in this mode						
D (1=ON, 2=ON)		Setting.	s not used in this mode				

CONTINUOUS FAN								
		24 VAC input (R)	on G only					
SW2- COOL A/C size CFM with SW3-ADJ CFM with SW3-ADJ CFM with SW3-ADJ								
DIP switch position	DIP switch position (TON) DIP switch position A DIP switch position B DIP sw							
A (1=OFF, 2=OFF)	5,0	1500	1725	1275				
B (1=ON, 2=OFF)	4,0	1200	1380	1020				
C (1=OFF, 2=ON)	3,5	1050	1207	890				
D (1=ON, 2=ON)	3,0	900	1035	765				

COOLING OR HEAT PUMP HEATING MODE									
		24 VAC input (R) to G, Y/Y2	2 and O (for cooling)						
SW2- COOL	SW2- COOL A/C size CFM with SW3-ADJ CFM with SW3-ADJ CFM with SW3-ADJ								
DIP switch position	DIP switch position (TON) DIP switch position A DIP switch position B DIP switch position C								
A (1=OFF, 2=OFF)	5,0	2000	2200	1800					
B (1=ON, 2=OFF)	B (1=ON, 2=OFF) 4,0 1600 1760 1440								
C (1=OFF, 2=ON) 3,5 1400 1540 1260									
D (1=ON, 2=ON)	3,0	1200	1320	1080					

In Cooling - Dehumidification mode, with no 24 VAC input to DH, the CFMs are reduced by 15%. The CFMs shown are reduced by 20% if there is 24 VAC input to Y1 (first stage cooling mode)

DELAY PROFILE FOR OIL HEATING MODE					
SW4- DEALY	HEAT INPUT	PreRun On-Delay	ShortRun On-Delay	Off-Delay	
DIP switch position	(USGPH)	CFM Level - Time	CFM Level - Time	CFM Level - Time	
A (1=OFF, 2=OFF)	0,90	13% - 90 sec.	31% - 30 sec.	50% - 4 min.	
B (1=ON, 2=OFF)	1,10	13% - 60 sec.	31% - 30 sec.	38% - 5 min.	
C (1=OFF, 2=ON)	ALL	13% - 90 sec.	31% - 30 sec.	56% - 5 min.	
D (1=ON, 2=ON)	ALL	13% - 60 sec.	31% - 30 sec.	44% - 5 min.	

PreRun and ShortRun are the periods of time when the the blower starts at very low CFM to minimize the distributon of cool air in the system and then runs up to normal speed.

Off Delay is the time required to cool down the heat exchanger with low CFMs, to minimize cool draft in the air distribution system.

DELAY PROFILE FOR COOLING OR HEAT PUMP HEATING MODE				
No adjustment	A/C size	PreRun On-Delay	ShortRun On-Delay	Off-Delay
required	AC SIZE	CFM Level - Time	CFM Level - Time	CFM Level - Time
-	All	NO DELAY	NO DELAY	100% - 90 sec

Table 8 - Airflow data model with 1HP 4-speed motor

BLOWER SPEED	EXTERNAL STATIC PRESSURE WITH AIR FILTER					
OI LLD	0.2" (W.C.)	0.3" (W.C.)	0.4" (W.C.)	0.5" (W.C.)	0.6" (W.C.)	0.7" (W.C.)
HIGH	2130	2085	1995	1915	1820	1745
MED-HIGH	1930	1855	1800	1750	1675	1615
MED-LOW	1565	1495	1460	1430	1400	1360
LOW	1185	1170	1140	1105	1080	1065

Table 9 - Minimum clearances from combustible materials

	LOCATION	UPFLOW	HORIZONTAL	DOWNFLOW
SIDES	FURNACE <sup>1</sup>	2.54 cm (1")	N/A	5.08 cm (2")
SIDES	PLENUM AND WARM-AIR DUCT WITHIN 6 ft. OF FURNACE 1	5.08 cm (2")	2.54 cm (1")	5.08 cm (2")
BOTTOM	BOTTOM FURNACE <sup>2</sup>			5.08 cm (2") <sup>4</sup>
BACK	FURNACE (OPPOSITE SIDE OF THE BURNER) 1	7.62 cm (3")	7.62 cm (3")	7.62 cm (3")
TOP	PLENUM OR HORIZONTAL WARM-AIR DUCT WITHIN 6 ft. OF FURNACE 2	5.08 cm (2")	7.62 cm (3")	5.08 cm (2")
	FURNACE <sup>2</sup>	N/A	5.08 cm (2")	N/A
FLUE PIPE	FLUE PIPE AROUND FLUE PIPE		22.86 cm (9")	22.86 cm (9")
FRONT	FRONT FURNACE (BURNER SIDE) 1			45.72 cm (18")

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> These are horizontal dimensions

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> These are vertical dimensions

 $<sup>^3\,\</sup>mbox{This}$  dimension can be obtained by using Horizontal Flow Base # HFB-101 or # KLASB0701DET

 $<sup>^4</sup>$  This dimension can be obtained by using Downflow Base # DFB-104 or # KLASB1001DET

Figure 9 - Furnace Dimensions

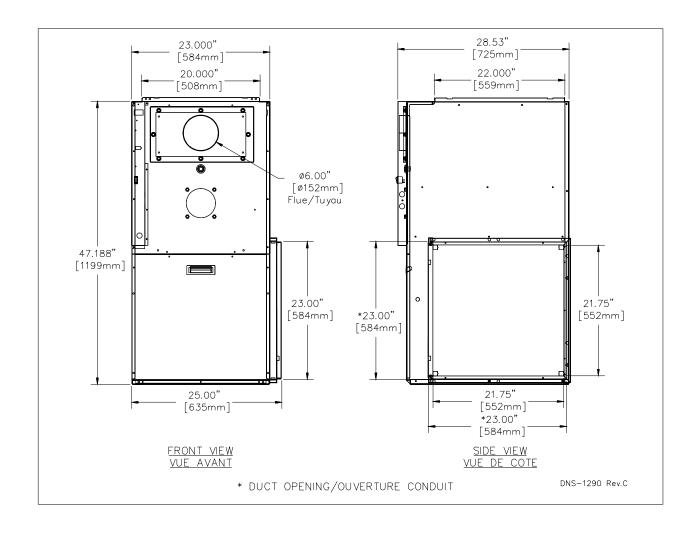


Figure 10 - Wiring diagram 4-speed motor (PSC)

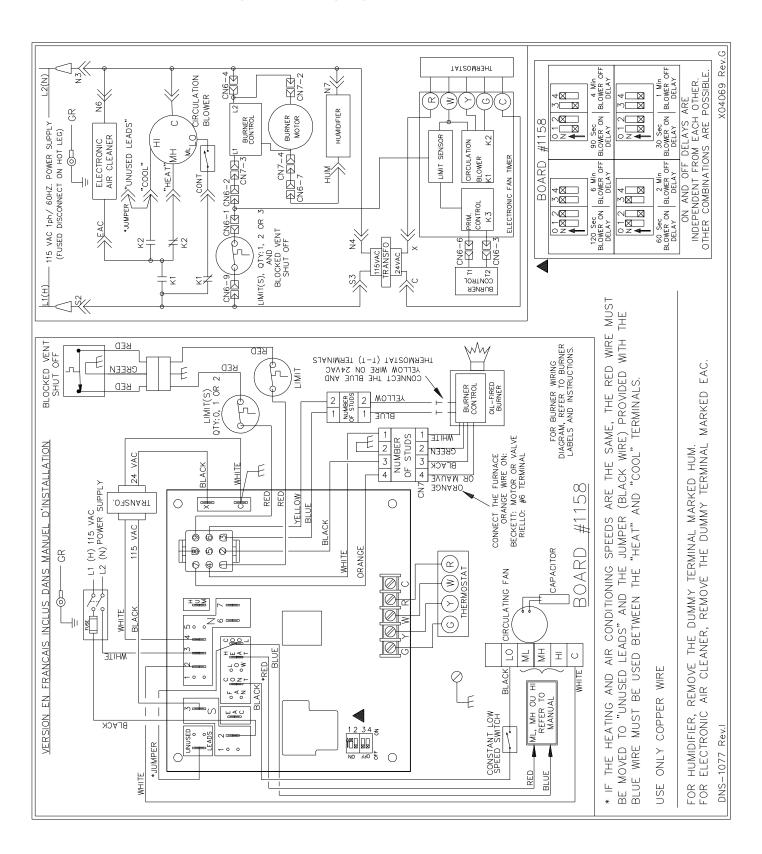


Figure 11 - Wiring diagram variable speed motor (ECM)

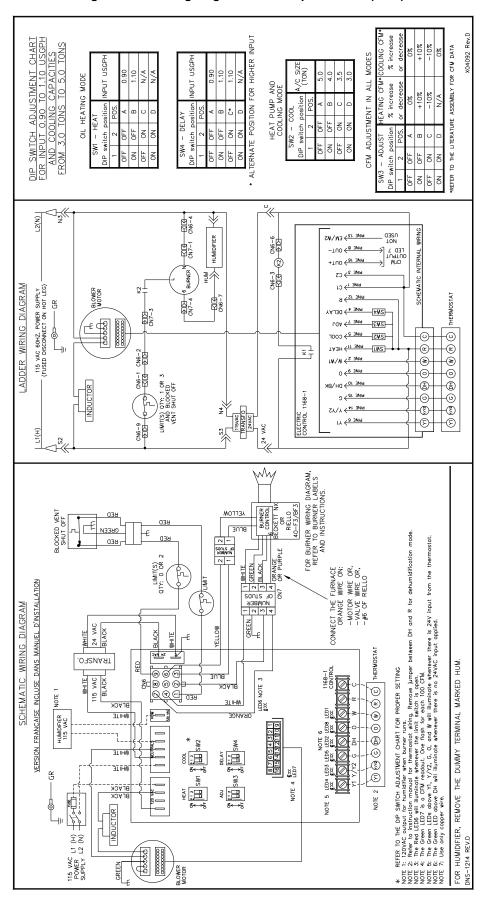


Figure 12 - Parts list with 4-speed motor (PSC)

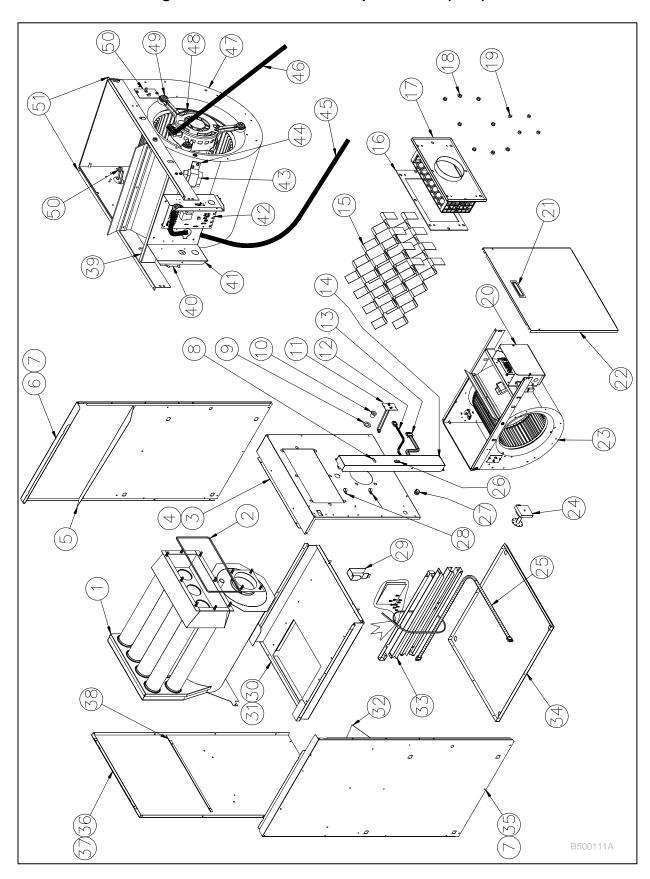


Table 10 - Parts list with 4-speed motor (PSC)

ITEM	PART # DESCRIPTION COMMENTS				
1	B03820	HEAT EXCHANGER	Heat exchanger only		
2	J06L002	SEAL STRIP, DIA 1/8 x 25'	Heat exchanger only		
3	B03856-01	FRONT PANEL ASSEMBLY	Panel, insulation and labels included		
4	B03866	FRONT PANEL INSULATION			
5	B03835-01	BAFFLE, LATERAL			
6	B03855-01	SIDE PANEL ASSEMBLY (RIGHT)	Panel, insulation and baffle included		
7 8	B03865 B03455-01	SIDE PANEL INSULATION ELECTRICAL KIT, BVSO INT.			
9	F06F015	WASHER, ZINC 1 7/16"			
10	Z99F061	OBSERVATION PORT			
11	R02R009	HIGH LIMIT 175-36T, 7"			
12	B03453	ELECTRICAL KIT, TT			
13	B03454	ELECTRICAL KIT, BURNER			
14 15	B03830 B03819-01	WIRE CHANNEL (BVSO/SWITCH) BAFFLE	One hoffle included		
16	B03675	SMOKE OUTLET GASKET	One baffle included		
17	B03842	RADIATOR BAFFLE	Item # 16 included		
18	F07O001	FLANGE NUT, HEXAGONAL 3/8-16NC BRASS			
19	F07F011	HEX NUT 3/8-16NC ZINC			
20	B01684	COVER, ELECTRICAL BOX			
21	Z99F050	HANDLE , RECESSED BLACK	Door and labale included		
22	B03858-01 B03854-01	BLOWER DOOR ASSEMBLY REPLACEMENT BLOWER ASSEMBLY	Door and labels included		
23 24	Z06G001	BLOCKED VENT SHUT-OFF BVSO-225	Blower, motor included		
25	B03118-01	ELECTRICAL KIT, BVSO EXT.			
26	L07F003	ROCKER SWITCH, DPST			
27	L04I013	STRAIN RELIEF BUSHING			
28	L04J001	CABLE CLAMP, 9/16" WHITE			
29	B03640	WIRE CHANNEL, INT.			
30	B03829	BLOWER DIVIDER	One blavier slide included		
31	B03838 B03835-02	BLOWER SLIDE  LATERAL BAFFLE	One blower slide included		
33	B03867-01	FILTER RACK KIT			
34	B03828	FLOOR			
35	B03855-02	SIDE PANEL ASSEMBLY (LEFT)	Panel, insulation and baffle included		
36	B03857	REAR PANEL ASSEMBLY	Panel, insulation and baffles included		
37	B03864	REAR PANEL INSULATION			
38	B03836	REAR BAFFLE			
39 40	B01682 L01F009	SUPPORT, ELECTRONICS BOX TRANSFORMER, 120-24Volt, 40VA			
41	B01683	ELECTRICAL BOX			
42	R99G004	ELECTRONIC BOARD, 1158-110			
43	L01I005	CAPACITOR 15 MF			
44	B01024	CAPACITOR HOLDER			
45	B03669	ELECTRICAL KIT, BOARD			
46 47	B03668-01 B03720-07	ELECTRICAL KIT, BLOWER	Housing, whool and label included		
48	L06K004	BLOWER 120-10T DD 0,50PP MOTOR 1 HP 4V DD	Housing, wheel and label included		
49	B01889	MOTOR SUPPORT ASSEMBLY	Legs, band & hardware included		
50	R02R007	HIGH LIMIT 120-20F, 1.75"			
51	B03837	BLOWER SLIDE	One blower slide included		
ACCESSORIES					
	OFB-104 SB1001DET	DOWNFLOW BASE	B03464-03		
	FB-101		1		
	BB0701DET	HORIZONTAL FLOW BASE	B00488-01		
VTK-3		VENT TERMINAL IZE 5"	For each of courts of		
KLAVT0201DET		VENT TERMINAL KIT 5"	For sealed combustion		
IFV-5-8		5" INSULATED FLEX VENT 8ft	For sealed combustion		
KLAFV0301DET		5 OOD TIED I EEN VERT OIL	. 5. Soulod Sombustion		
IFV-5-20 KLAFV0401DET		5" INSULATED FLEX VENT 20ft	For sealed combustion		
N01J053					
N01J053 KLABR0301BEC		BECKETT NX BURNER (0.75-60B NOZZLE)			
N01F053					
KLABR0501RLO		RIELLO 40-F5 BURNER (0.75-70A NOZZLE)			
N01F056		RIELLO 40-BF5 BURNER (0.75-70A NOZZLE)	For sealed combustion		
KLAE	3R0601RLO	MELLO 40-DI O DOMNEM (0.73-70A NOZZEE)	i or scaled compastion		

Figure 13 - Parts list with variable speed motor (ECM)

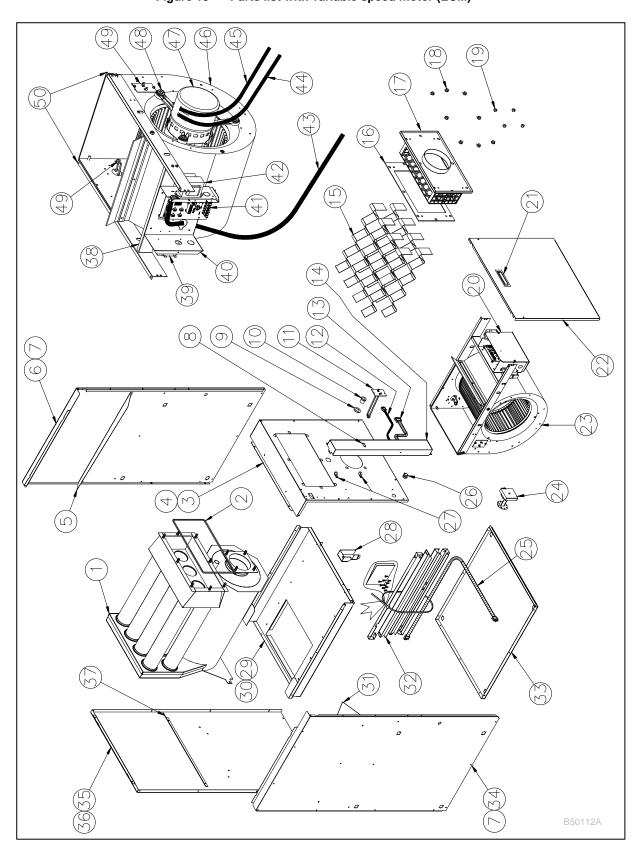


Table 11 - Parts list with variable speed motor (ECM)

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ITEM	PART #	DESCRIPTION	COMMENTS			
1	B03820	HEAT EXCHANGER	Heat exchanger only			
2	J06L002	SEAL STRIP, DIA 1/8 x 25'				
3	B03856-01	FRONT PANEL ASSEMBLY	Panel, insulation and labels included			
4	B03866	FRONT PANEL INSULATION				
5	B03835-01	BAFFLE, LATERAL				
6	B03855-01	SIDE PANEL ASSEMBLY (RIGHT)	Panel, insulation and baffle included			
7	B03865	SIDE PANEL INSULATION				
8 9	B03455-01 F06F015	ELECTRICAL KIT, BVSO INT. WASHER, ZINC 1 7/16"				
10	Z99F061	OBSERVATION PORT				
11	R02R009	HIGH LIMIT 175-36T, 7"				
12	B03453	ELECTRICAL KIT, TT				
13	B03454	ELECTRICAL KIT, BURNER				
14	B03831	WIRE CHANNEL (BVSO/SWITCH)				
15	B03819-01	BAFFLE	One baffle included			
16	B03675	SMOKE OUTLET GASKET				
17	B03842	RADIATOR BAFFLE	Item # 16 included			
18	F07O001	FLANGE NUT, HEXAGONAL 3/8-16NC BRASS				
19	F07F011	HEX NUT 3/8-16NC ZINC				
20 21	B01684 Z99F050	COVER, ELECTRICAL BOX HANDLE , RECESSED BLACK				
22	B03858-01	BLOWER DOOR ASSEMBLY	Door and labels included			
23	B03854-02	REPLACEMENT BLOWER ASSEMBLY	Blower, motor included			
24	Z06G001	BLOCKED VENT SHUT-OFF BVSO-225	Blower, motor moladed			
25	B03118-01	ELECTRICAL KIT, BVSO EXT.				
26	L04I005	STRAIN RELIEF BUSHING				
27	L04J001	CABLE CLAMP, 9/16" WHITE				
28	B03640	WIRE CHANNEL, INT.				
29	B03829	BLOWER DIVIDER				
30	B03838	BLOWER SLIDE	One blower slide included			
31	B03835-02	LATERAL BAFFLE				
32 33	B03867-01 B03828	FILTER RACK KIT FLOOR				
34	B03855-02	SIDE PANEL ASSEMBLY (LEFT)	Panel, insulation and baffle included			
35	B03857	REAR PANEL ASSEMBLY	Panel, insulation and baffles included			
36	B03864	REAR PANEL INSULATION				
37	B03836	REAR BAFFLE				
38	B01682	SUPPORT, ELECTRONICS BOX				
39	L01F009	TRANSFORMER, 120-24Volt, 40VA				
40	B01683	ELECTRICAL BOX				
41	R99G003	ELECTRONIC BOARD 1168				
42	B03141	INDUCTOR SUPPLIES OF THE POARDS				
43	B03669 B03242	ELECTRICAL KIT, BOARD ELECTRONIC KIT, BLOWER				
45	B03242	ELECTRONIC KIT, BLOWER  ELECTRICAL KIT, BLOWER				
46	B03720-07	BLOWER 120-10T DD 0,50PP	Housing, wheel and label included			
47	B03720-07	MOTOR 1 HP ECM 2.3	. Isaamg, miss. and labor moradou			
48	B01889	MOTOR SUPPORT ASSEMBLY	Legs, band & hardware included			
49	R02R007	HIGH LIMIT 120-20F, 1.75"				
50	B03837	BLOWER SLIDE	One blower slide included			
ACCESSORIES						
	OFB-104	DOWNFLOW BASE	B03464-03			
	SB1001DET					
	HFB-101	HORIZONTAL FLOW BASE	B00488-01			
<b></b>	SB0701DET VTK-3					
VTK-3 KLAVT0201DET		VENT TERMINAL KIT 5"	For sealed combustion			
IFV-5-8						
KLAFV0301DET		5" INSULATED FLEX VENT 8ft	For sealed combustion			
IFV-5-20						
KLAFV0401DET		5" INSULATED FLEX VENT 20ft	For sealed combustion			
N01J053		DECKETT MY DIIDNED (0.75 COD MO77) EV				
KLAE	BR0301BEC	BECKETT NX BURNER (0.75-60B NOZZLE)				
N01F053		RIELLO 40-F5 BURNER (0.75-70A NOZZLE)				
	BR0501RLO					
	N01F056	RIELLO 40-BF5 BURNER (0.75-70A NOZZLE)	For sealed combustion			
KLABR0601RLO						

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